HIAS Moodle+ resource

Teach In order to Problem Solve



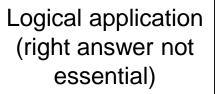
- Define precisely what all students must understand.
- Anything that is about establishing this precise idea in understanding is *teaching*.
- This can include instruction or pupil investigation

Desired outcome

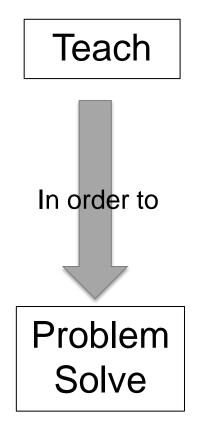
All understand (right answer essential)

- Apply understood precise learning rigorously and logically to new context.
- This includes planning investigations, predictions, hypothesising from evidence; but must involve uncertainty

Desired outcome



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This could represent a single lesson a sequence of learning or even a part of a lesson.

A topic should be constructed of a series of these smaller teach and apply sessions.





for all

When planning the lesson I need to decide:

Fe

- How each of these will be taught
- How it will be checked if all pupils have learned.

- Speed = distance ÷ time
- Speed is gradient on distance v time graph

Which maggot is the fastest sprinter? Each group has own maggot which they trace path and plot distance time graph and calculate average speed and which was capable of fastest sprint

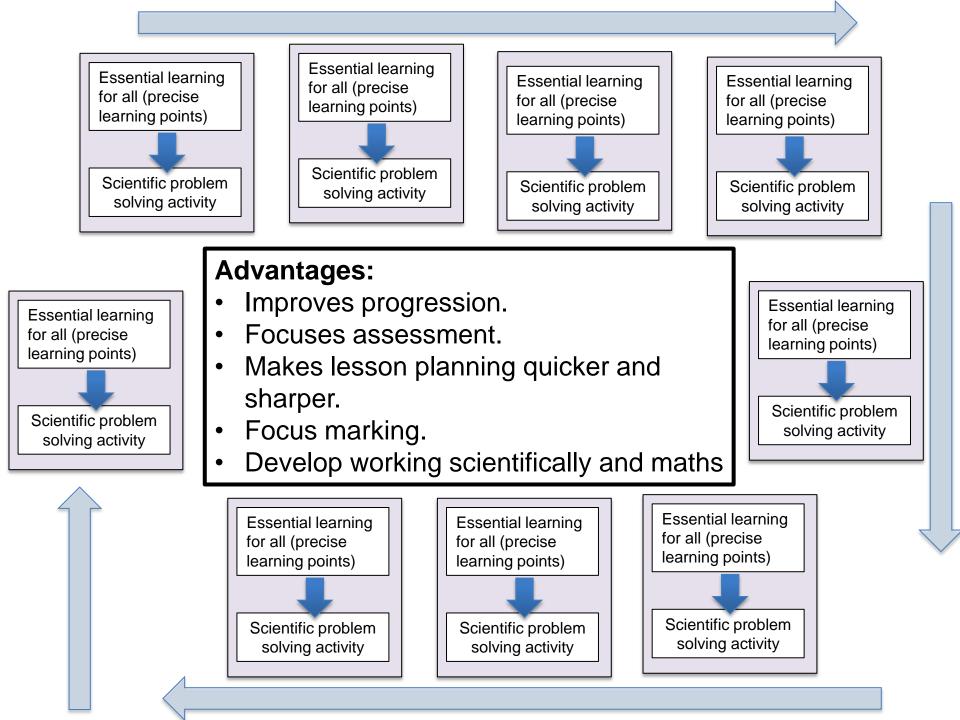


Precise learning:

- 1. Defining exactly what *all* should understand.
- 2. Planning to ensure that *all* do.
- 3. Providing meaningful scientific problems to tackle with the new understanding.
- 4. Plan a topic in outline before planning lessons







Adding in major bits of problem solving

- I now know what precise learning will be taught at each stage in order for pupils to tackle related problems.
- If we now devise a significant problem for pupils to tackle we could work out exactly where it should fit and where key bits of knowledge and skill would be taught in order for pupils to succeed.





